## From BLR and NLR to BH and SF

- Physical processes
- The BLR
- The NLR
- Using BLR properties to infer BH mass and accretion rate
- Using NLR properties to infer  $L_{AGN}$  and  $L_{SF}$
- The AGN-starburst connection
- SF and AGN evolution



## Physical Processes (Let There Be Light)

#### AGN is born

- Ionization
- Recombination
- Collisional excitation
- Radiation pressure
- Shock waves
- Magnetic fields

How does it look and moves at various times?

### Photoionization: Ionization structure and temperature

Photoionization rate -  $I_X$ 

Radiative recombination rate -  $R_X$ Time dependent ionization

$$\frac{dN_x}{dt} = -N_x [I_x + R_x] + [N_{x-1}I_{x-1} + N_{x+1}R_{x+1}]$$

Heating - H photoionization heating other heating Cooling - C collisional cooling recombination cooling

$$H = C$$

## The spectrum of photoionized gas

Photoionization calculations ionization structure thermal structure

Spectral calculations line emission continuum emission line and continuum absorption



## The motion of ionized gas

- The equation of motion
  - Gravity g(r)
  - Radiation pressure  $a_{rad}(r)$
  - Drag force f<sub>d</sub>
  - Pressure gradient

$$a(r) = a_{rad}(r) - g(r) - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{dP}{dr} + \frac{f_d}{M_c}$$

Accelerating a block

$$a_{rad} - a_{g} = \frac{aL}{4\pi r^{2}cM_{c}} - \frac{GM_{BH}}{r^{2}} =$$
$$= \frac{L}{r^{2}} \left[ \frac{a}{4\pi r^{2}cm_{p}N_{H}} - \frac{G}{7.5x10^{4}(L/L_{Edd})} \right]$$

# The BLR

- BLR properties
  - High density clouds
  - LOC
  - Disk outflow
- BLR Boundary

   Dust in the BLR
- BLR dynamics
- BLR metallicity



## Clouds LOC and winds

С

- Clouds
  - Thermal confinement
  - Stability
  - Magnetic confinement



#### Locally Optimally emitting Clouds (LOC)





## **BLR** spectrum



Density 10<sup>9-11</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup> Column density ~10<sup>23</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> Covering fraction ~0.1

$$r_{BLR} \simeq 0.3 L_{46}^{0.6 \pm 0.1} pc$$

## **BLR** metallicity



## The narrow line region – NLR

spectrum Dynamics metallicity Dust in the NLR





## Let There Be Dust

#### Sublimation distance



$$r_{sub,Si} \cong 1.3 L_{46}^{1/2} \left( \frac{1500K}{T_{sub}} \right)^{2.6} pc$$

$$r_{sub,C} \cong 0.5 L_{46}^{1/2} \left( \frac{1800K}{T_{sub}} \right)^{2.6} pc$$

#### The BLR radius

$$r_{BLR} \simeq 0.3 L_{46}^{0.6 \pm 0.1} pc$$

### Photoionized dusty gas





Dust

## Dust outside the BLR





Netzer and Laor 1993

## Dust in the NLR



## Dusty torus and dusty NLRs



Mor, Netzer, Elitzur 2009

### Miracles



# Using BLR properties to infer BH mass and accretion rate

Reverberation Mapping Single epoch mass determination  $M_{BH}$  and L/L<sub>edd</sub> distributions





# Using NLR properties to infer $L_{AGN}$ and $L_{SF}$

 $M_{BH}$  from M- $\sigma^*$ L<sub>AGN</sub> from narrow emission lines



# Diagnostic (BPT) diagrams



## More diagnostic diagrams

Conclusions: Many objects classified as SBs contain active BHs? Many objects classified as AGN contain SF regions









## listributions



## The AGN-SB connection

SF in AGN-dominated systems  $L_{AGN}$  and  $L_{SF}$  correlations Simple evolution scenarios







# $L_{AGN}$ vs. $L_{SF}$ in AGN-dominated systems



Netzer et al. 2007; Lutz et al. 2008, Netzer 2009

## SF and AGN evolution



